### TED (10)-3008

(REVISION-2010)

Reg. No.

Signature .....

## SECOND SEMESTER DIPLOMA EXAMINATION IN POLYMER TECHNOLOGY—MARCH, 2013

## POLYMER SCIENCE

[*Time* : 3 hours

(Maximum marks : 100)

Marks

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$ 

## PART-A

I Answer all questions in one or two sentences. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Define the term degree of polymerisation.
- 2. Differentiate between thermoplastics and thermosets.

3. Which are the different steps involved in chain polymerisation?

- 4. Why polymers have average molecular weight?
- 5. What are antidegradants? Give two examples.

#### PART-B

II Answer any five of the following questions. Each question carries 6 marks.

1. Explain the geometrical isomerism with a suitable example.

- 2. Define functionality. Explain the effect of functionality on the structure of polymers.
- 3. What is interfacial polymerisation ? Give an example.
- 4. Explain bulk polymerisation technique with its advantages and disadvantages.
- 5. Derive the expression for number average molecular weight (Mn).
- 6. Explain the terms polydispersity and molecular weight distribution.
- 7. Explain the various factors affecting thermal stability of polymers.  $(5\times 6=30)$

# PART---C

(Answer one full question from each unit. Each question carries 15 marks.)

#### UNIT-I

- III (a) Differentiate between micromolecules and macromolecules with suitable examples.
  (b) Explain the classification of polymers according to their origin, thermal response and applications.
  - (c) What is meant by stereo regularity of polymers?

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Marks (a) Calculate the degree of polymerisation of polychloroprene of molecular weight IV 4 63000. 5 (b) Explain homo and copolymers with examples. (c) Give the structure and functionality of : 6 (i) Acetylene (ii) Styrene (iii) Acrylonitrile. UNIT-II 8 V (a) Explain the free radical mechanism of chain polymerisation of vinyl chloride. (b) Explain the emulsion polymerisation technique. State its advantages and 7 disadvantages. OR VI (a) What happens when polymer undergoes reactions of : (i) acidolysis (ii) aminolysis (iii) hydrolysis (iv) hydrogenation. 8 7 (b) Explain the step growth polymerisation of polyesters. UNIT-III VII (a) Explain the light scattering technique for the determination of Molecular weight. 8 7 (b) Explain how the crystallinity of polymers affect the Tg. OR VIII (a) Explain the technique for the determination of viscosity average molecular 7 weight. (b) Explain the physical method of analysis of polymers by TGA and DSC. 8 UNIT-IV IX (a) Explain the chain end and random degradation of polymers. 6 (b) Explain the polymer modification by copolymerisation and grafting. 6 (c) What is oxidative degradation of polymers? 3 OR X (a) Explain the mechanism of stabilisation of polymers by antioxidants. 6 (b) Explain the photodegradation of polymers. How it prevented? 6 3 (c) What are plasticisers and curing agents?

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